Docket: YOR920030069 (00280742AA)

Serial No. 10/600,593

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Listing of the Claims:

The following is a complete listing of all the claims in the application, with an indication of the status of each:

1 Claim 1 (Currently Amended). A computer implemented encoding and 2 correcting method comprising the step of performing only exclusive OR 3 operations on words for error correcting codes with four or more check 4 symbols which can correct as many errors are as there are check symbols. Claim 2 (Canceled). 1 Claim 3 (Currently Amended). The A computer implemented method for 2 encoding data and correcting erasure errors recited in claim 2 comprising 3 the steps of: 4 converting a code over a finite field of characteristic two which can 5 correct up to e erasure errors into a code which can correct up to e erasure 6 errors in words; 7 encoding data using the converted code; 8 reading the encoded data and correcting up to e erasure errors in 9 words, wherein the converted code is a (3, 3) code, wherein even if all the 10 information in any three of the words w_i is erased, the data can be 11 recovered. 1 Claim 4. (Original) A computer implemented encoding and correcting 2 method comprising the steps of: 3 transforming encoding and decoding matrices of GF(2"), the Galois 4 Field of 2^n elements for n greater than one, and 5 encoding data and correcting erasure errors using only exclusive 6 OR operations on words. 1 Claim 5. (Original) The computer implemented encoding and correcting

method recited in claim 4, wherein a (3, 3) code of distance four is used.

1 Claim 6. (Original) A computer implemented method for encoding and 2 correcting four or more erasure errors in data whose locations are known, 3 comprising the steps of: 4 converting a code over a finite field of characteristic two into a 5 code whose encoding and correcting algorithms involve only exclusive OR 6 (XOR) operations of words; 7 reading data from main volatile memory and encoding the data 8 using only XOR operations to generate a correcting code; 9 storing data and correcting code in an auxiliary array of non-10 volatile storage devices; reading the data from the auxiliary array of non-volatile storage 11 12 devices; and 13 reconstructing erasure errors in the data read from the auxiliary 14 array of non-volatile storage devices using only XOR operations to 15 generate reconstructed data. 1 Claim 7. (Original) The computer implemented method recited in claim 6, 2 wherein the code whose encoding and correcting algorithms involve only 3 XOR operations of words is a (3, 3) code of distance four. 1 Claim 8. (Original)The computer implemented method recited in claim 7, 2 wherein the code whose encoding and correcting algorithms involve only 3 XOR operations of words is based on a code of six symbols, x_0 , x_1 , x_2 , x_3 , 4 x_4 , and x_5 , each of which is an element of GF(4), the Galois Field of four 5 elements, and where x_0 , x_1 and x_2 are information symbols and x_3 , x_4 and x_5 6 are check symbols, the check symbols being defined by:

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & a & a^2 \\ 1 & a^2 & a \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ that is } \underline{X}_C = A\underline{X}_1,$$

8	where a is an element of GF(4) which satisfies the equation $1+a+a^2=0$.
1	Claim 9. (Original)The computer implemented method recited in claim 8,
2	wherein by substitution $\underline{X}_C = A\underline{X}_1$ becomes $\underline{W}_C = r(A)\underline{W}_1$, where \underline{W}_C is
3	a correction word and \underline{W}_1 is a data word to be reconstructed.
1	Claim 10. (Original)The computer implemented method recited in claim 9,
2	wherein, given a linear code over GF(2 ⁿ), the Galois Field of 2 ⁿ elements,
3	which can correct up to e erasure errors, to a code which can correct up to
4	e erasures in words, and whose encoding and correcting can be performed
5	by XORing words, the method comprises the steps of:
6	encoding the linear code in the form $\underline{X}_C = A\underline{X}_1$, and each of the
7	corrections is also of the form $x_i = B_i X$, where A and the B_i s are matrices
8	over GF(2 ⁿ);
9	choosing a representation, r , of $GF(2^n)$, which representation
10	assigns an $n \times n$ matrix, $r(a)$, for every element a in GF(2 ⁿ), whose elements
11	are in GF(2), i.e., are "0" or "1";
12	obtaining the decoder of converted code by substituting the matrix
13	$r(a)$ for every element a of A, to obtain the matrix A, and substituting w_i for
14	x_i in \underline{X}_1 and in \underline{X}_C , where $w_i = (w_{i,0}, w_{i,1}, \ldots, w_{i,n-1})^t$ to obtain \underline{W}_1 and \underline{W}_C , the
15	encoder of the code being $\underline{W}_C = r(A)\underline{W}_1$; and
16	substituting $r(a)$ for every element a of B_i to obtain $r(B_i)$ and
17	substituting w_j for every element x_j of \underline{X} to obtain \underline{W} to recover x_i by using
18	$w_i = r(B_i)\underline{W}.$
1	Claim 11. (Original)A computer system for correcting four or more erasure
2	errors whose locations are known, comprising:
3	a main volatile memory and an auxiliary array of non-volatile
4	storage devices connected for transferring data therebetween;
5	an encoding means for converting a code over a finite field of
6	characteristic two into a code whose encoding and correcting algorithms

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7 involve only exclusive OR (XOR) operations of words, data read from said 8 main volatile memory being encoded by said encoding means using only 9 XOR operations to generate a correcting code and stored with the 10 correcting code in said auxiliary array of non-volatile storage devices; and 11 data reconstructing means which, when data is read from the 12 auxiliary array of non-volatile storage devices, reconstructs erasure errors 13 in the data read from the auxiliary array of non-volatile storage devices 14 using only XOR operations to generate reconstructed data. Claim 12. (Original)The computer system recited in claim 11, wherein the 1 2 code whose encoding and correcting algorithms involve only XOR 3 operations of words is a (3, 3) code of distance four.